

# Introduction to Automated Tests

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Summer 2009

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# About

- Language
- Types of tests
- Introduction to test frameworks

# Many communities

- A lot of terminology and dialects:
  - Agile communities
  - Formal communities
  - QA communities
  - Tools
  - Clients

# Standards Specifications

- - BS 7925-2:1998. Software Component Testing.
- - DO-178B:1992. Software Considerations in Airborne Systems and Equipment Certification, Requirements and Technical Concepts for Aviation (RTCA SC167).
- - IEEE 610.12:1990. Standard Glossary of Software Engineering Terminology.
- - IEEE 829:1998. Standard for Software Test Documentation.
- - IEEE 1008:1993. Standard for Software Unit Testing.
- - IEEE 1012:1986. Standard for Verification and Validation Plans
- ...

# Jargons

- Defect/Mistake/Error/Failure
- Verification
- Validation
- Inspection
- Debugging
- ...

# Terms

- Black-box/White/Gray/Glass
- Functional Tests
- Structural Tests
  
- Test
- Test case
- Test suite

# Symbols

- SUT/AUT: System/Application Under Test
- TFD/POUT: Test-First Development / Plain Old Unit Test
- TAD: Test-After Development
- TDD: Test-Driven Development / Design
- BDD/EDD/STDD: Behaviour/Example/Story Test Driven Development
- TDDD: Test-Driven Design Databases

# Double

- ***Dummy***: A simple object to make a test executable
- ***Fake***: Lightweight object that contains a false implementation
- ***Stub***: Object with data to be used in tests
- ***Mock***: Object with an appropriate interface that contains data and behavior that will be used in tests
- ***Spy***: Object to capture indirect calls



# Type of Automated Tests

- Unit
- Integration
- Acceptance
- Interface
- Smoke
- Sanity
- Mutation
- ...
- Performance
- Load
- Stress
- Longevity
- Security
- Installation
- ...

# Unit test

- Unit: Class/Module or Method/Function
- Unit or “mini-integration”
- Test a feature, not an implementation
- Basic but very important test
- Solid test
- Avoid debugging

# Integration tests

- In general: Test that involve more than one unit
- Verify errors in the relationship between modules, components or layers that may work fine individually

# Acceptance

- Test a feature from the user's point of view
- Assurance for a client that software works perfectly and correctly
- Clients, users and developers may (must) work together to write tests
  - Implementation details hidden
  - Client language – Domain Specific Language

# Interface Tests

- User Interface
  - Console
  - GUI
  - WUI
- => Acceptance Tests
- => Usability
- => Layout Tests

# Smoke Tests

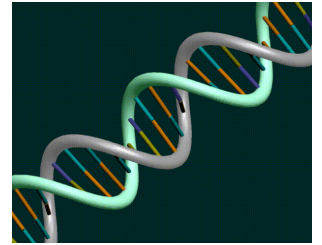
- Rapid, extensive and superficial tests
- After software installation
- Example:
  - Visit a Web page and verify that 404 text is not visible

# Sanity Tests

- A smoke test
- Appropriate to find huge errors in algorithms
- Use particular technique of an algorithm to identify possible errors
  - Theorems
  - Mathematical properties

# Mutation tests

- Test a test
- *“Tests may show some errors, but not its absence”* - Dijkstra
- Infinite possibility of errors?
  - Competent developer
- Mutant: SUT with few changes
- Run a suite of tests under mutants
- Analysis of results: Mutants and Tests





# Performance tests

- Evaluate response time of a specific module
- Profilers help finding bottlenecks
- Unit test suites without mocks may be used like profilers (this is not the main goal of those suites)
- PS: Don't evaluate computational complexity

# Load tests

- Simulate a lot of users and requests
  - Simultaneous or inside a time interval
- Test
  - Infra-Structure
  - Hardware
  - Network bandwidth
  - Database and servers

# Stress tests

- Maximum load test
- Identify maximum amount of:
  - users
  - requests
  - data
- Limitations of an environment

# Longevity tests

- Test to verify performance and correction within a large period of time
- Find problems with memory leakage
- Find cache errors

# Other types...

- Tests of:
  - Installation: Verify if all components are interconnected properly without hardware incompatibility
  - Recovery: Appropriated reaction after errors
  - Configuration: Different configurations and distinct environments (portability)
  - ...
- Alfa / Beta versions

# Security tests

- Useful for applications exposed to bad intentioned users
  - Web, banks ...
- Test:
  - Permissions errors
  - Errors in model layer (SQLInjection ...)
  - Bugs in servers
  - Fragility to attacks like DoS (Stress tests)

# Pertinent information

- **Machine:** CPU, Memory, HD, Swap ...
- **OS:** Name/Distribution, Version, Kernel, Locale ...
- **Servers:** Name-Version, Pertinent files,
  - Tomcat 5.5, Jboss 4.0.4, (/etc/init.d/jboss)
- **Database:** Name-Version, Machine, Schema
- **Network:** IP, Firewall, Port, DNS ...
- **Dependencies:** Name-Version
  - JDK 1.5.0\_06, Ruby 1.8
- **Product:** Name, Version, installation data, logs

# Unit tests

- Main
- X-Unit frameworks
  - Test case
  - Verification
  - Exceptions
  - Results
  - Report



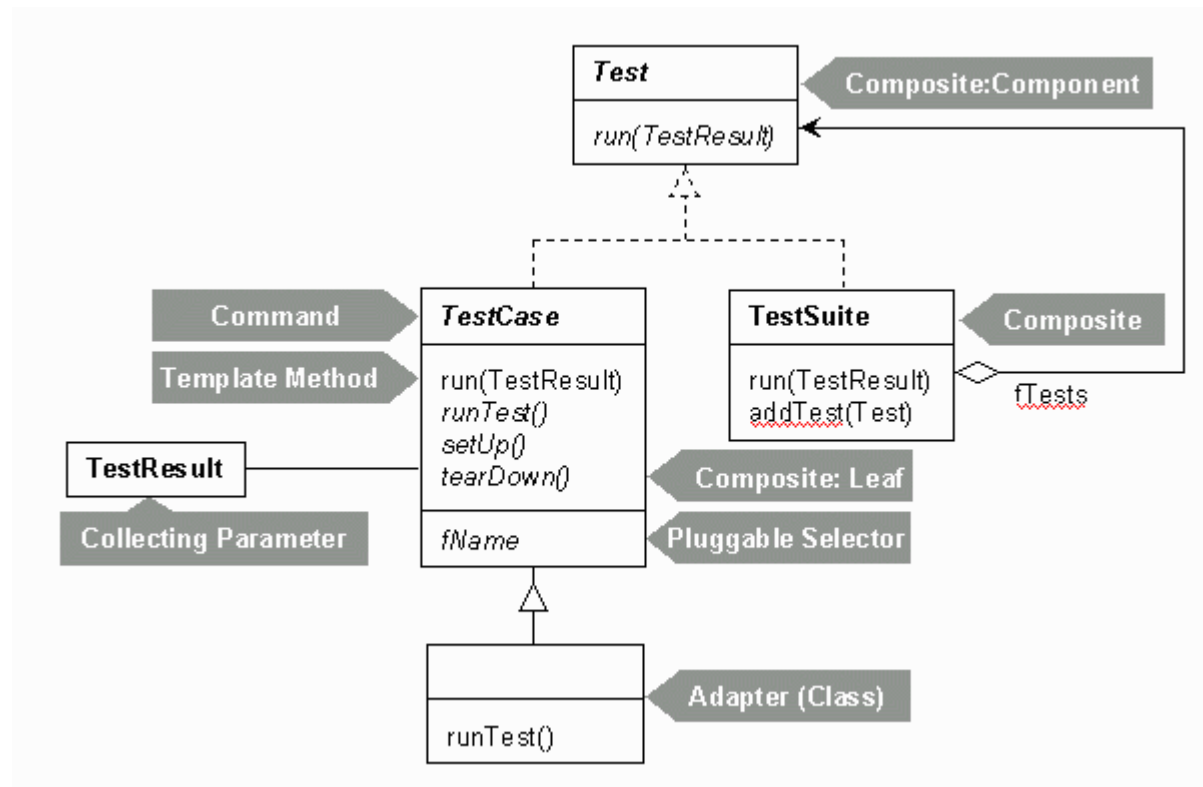
# Main

```
public class MainExample {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        if(!new Double(Math.sqrt(-1)).isNaN()  
            throw new RuntimeException("Ops!");  
        // Or  
        assert new Double(Math.sqrt(-1)).isNaN() == true;  
    }  
}
```

# x-Unit

- Article:

<http://junit.sourceforge.net/doc/cookstour/cookstour.htm>



# Test case

- Conventions

- `public void testSomeMethodName() { ... }`

- Annotations

- `@Test public void someMethodName() { ... }`

- Configurations

- xml...

# Verification

- `AssertTrue` / `AssertFalse`
- `AssertEquals`
- `AssertSame`
- `Fail`
- `Expected Exceptions`
- `Friendly messages`
- `Hamcrest: Matchers + AssertThat`

# Demonstration

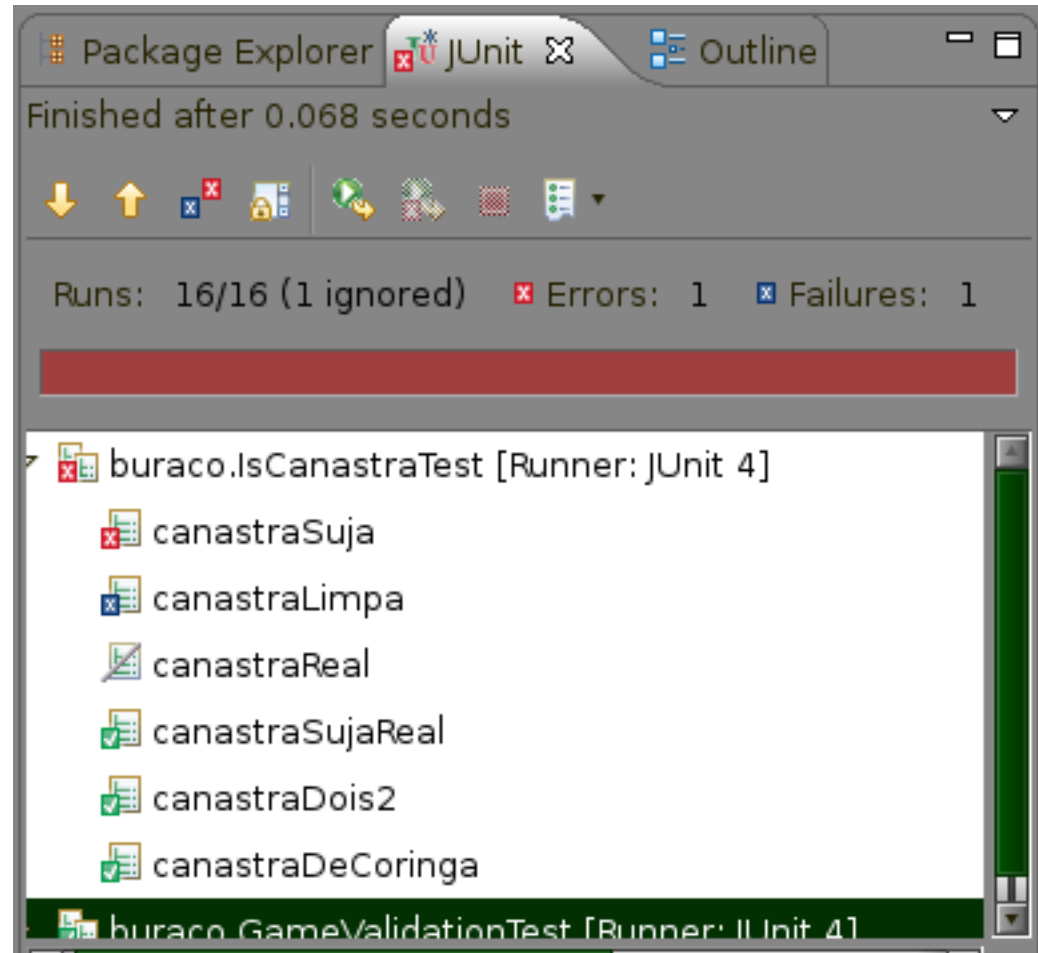
- C
- Java
- Scala
- Groovy

# Setup e Teardown

- Test cases must be independent:
  - From each other
  - From number of times it has been executed
  - From external factors
- Setup: Prepare environment to test
- Teardown: Clean environment for other tests

# Results

- Skip
- Fail
- Error
- Success



# Reports

- Language
  - API-Docs
- Tools
  - StackTrace
  - Logs
  - Screenshots
- Metrics



## All Classes

[CNPJGenerator](#)  
[CPFGenerator](#)  
[CreditCard](#)  
[CreditCardFactory](#)  
[CreditCardGenerator](#)  
[DateGenerator](#)  
[DateHelper](#)  
[EmailGenerator](#)  
[EncodingHelper](#)  
[Execution](#)  
[IDGenerator](#)  
[IPGenerator](#)  
[NumberGenerator](#)

## Package Class Use Tree Deprecated Index Help

PREV PACKAGE NEXT PACKAGE

[FRAMES](#) [NO FRAMES](#)

## Package br.com.agilbits.utilities4testing.generator

### Class Summary

#### [CNPJGenerator](#)

Brazilian CNPJ: The purpose of this class is to facilitate the writing of automated testing by testers well intentioned, the author is not responsible for any misuse of these algorithms

Brazilian CPF: The purpose of this class is to facilitate the writing of



# Some tools

- Unit tests:
  - CxxTest (C++): <http://cxxtest.sourceforge.net>
  - CUnit: <http://cunit.sourceforge.net>
  - JUnit (Java): <http://www.junit.org>
  - DUnit (Delphi): <http://dunit.sourceforge.net>
  - VBUnit (Visual Basic): <http://www.vbunit.com>
  - TestNG (Java): <http://testng.org>
  - RSpec (Ruby): <http://rspec.info/>
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\\_of\\_unit\\_testing\\_frameworks](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_unit_testing_frameworks)

# +some tools

- Mock Objects:
  - SevenMock (Java): <http://seven-mock.sourceforge.net>
  - EasyMock (Java): <http://www.easymock.org/>
  - JMock (Java): <http://www.jmock.org>
  - Rhino.Mocks (.NET):  
<http://www.ayende.com/projects/rhino-mocks.aspx>
  - SMock (Smalltalk):  
<http://www.macta.f2s.com/Thoughts/smock.html>
  - Mockpp (C++): <http://mockpp.sourceforge.net>
  - GoogleMock (C++): <http://code.google.com/p/googlemock>

# +some tools

- User Interface tests for Desktop:
  - Fest: <http://fest.easytesting.org/swing>
  - Jemmy: <http://jemmy.netbeans.org>
  - Marathon: <http://www.marathontesting.com>
- Web interface tests:
  - Selenium: <http://www.openqa.org/selenium>
  - Watir: <http://wtr.rubyforge.org>
- Acceptance tests:
  - Fit: <http://fit.c2.com>

# +some tools

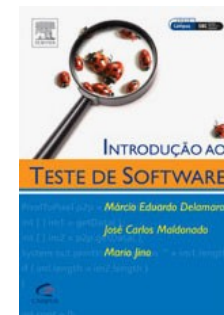
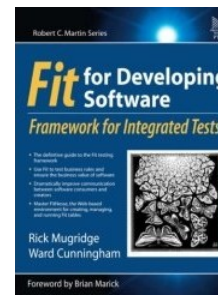
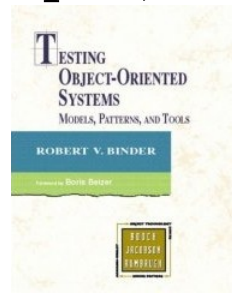
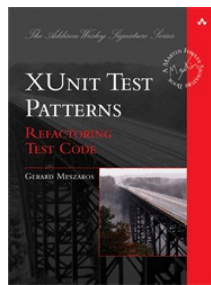
- Mutation tests:
  - Jabuti (USP São Carlos):  
<http://jabuti.incubadora.fapesp.br>
  - Jester: <http://jester.sourceforge.net>
  - Heckle: <https://rubyforge.org/projects/seattlerb>
- Performance / Load tests:
  - JMeter: <http://jakarta.apache.org/jmeter>
- Others:
  - JPDFUnit: <http://jpdfunit.sourceforge.net>

# Some links

- <http://www.testing.com>
- <http://www.opensourcetesting.org>
- <http://xunitpatterns.com>
- <http://www.mockobjects.com>
- <http://java-source.net/open-source/testing-tools>
- <http://www.junit.org>
- <http://www.agilcoop.org.br>

# Some Books

- Gerard Meszaros, “xUnit Test Patterns, Refactoring Test Code”, Addison-Wesley, 2007
- Robert V. Binder, “Testing Object-Oriented Systems”, Addison-Wesley Professional, 1999
- L. Crispin, T. House, “Testing Extreme Programming”, Addison-Wesley, 2005
- R. Mugridge, W. Cunningham, “Fit for Developing Software”, Prentice Hall, 2006
- M. Delamaro, J. Maldonado, M. Jino, “Introdução ao Teste de Software”, Campus, 2007



# Contact

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