

DevOps Seminar

for the Louisiana State University, Oct 2024

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USP

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A background network diagram consisting of various nodes (circles) connected by lines. Some nodes are solid grey, while others are hollow white with a grey outline. The connections are thin grey lines. The diagram is more dense on the left and right sides, with a large, empty dashed circle in the lower right quadrant.

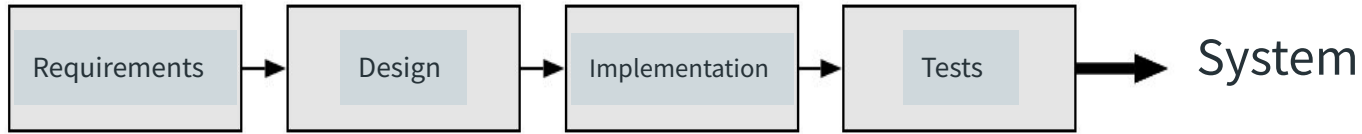
Part I - What is DevOps?



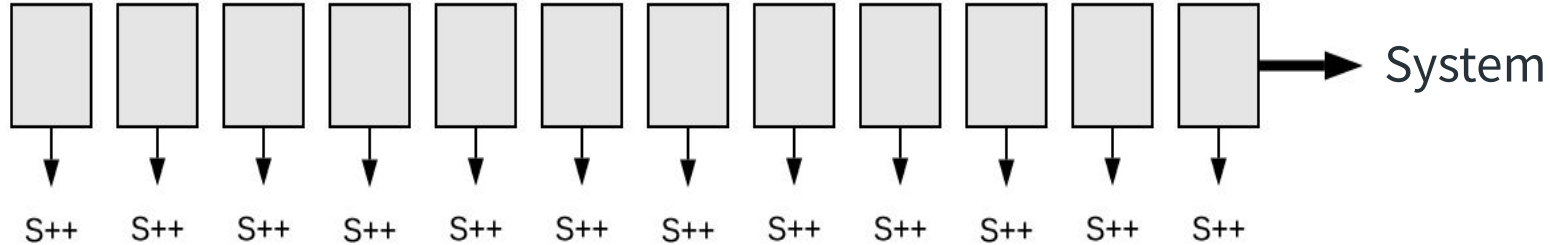
DevOps history:
fulfill the promises of agile

Agile development

Waterfall



Agile





DevOps definition

DevOps is a collaborative and multidisciplinary effort within an organization to automate continuous delivery of new software versions, while guaranteeing their correctness and reliability.

LEITE, Leonardo; ROCHA, Carla; KON, Fabio; MILOJICIC, Dejan; MEIRELLES, Paulo.
A Survey of DevOps Concepts and Challenges. ACM Computing Surveys, v. 52, n. 6., p. 1-35. 2019.

A Survey of DevOps Concepts and Challenges



Authors:  [Leonardo Leite](#),  [Carla Rocha](#),  [Fabio Kon](#),  [Dejan Milojicic](#),  [Paulo Meirelles](#) [Authors Info & Claims](#)

ACM Computing Surveys Volume 52, Issue 6 • November 2020 • Article No.: 127, pp 1–35 • <https://doi.org/10.1145/3359981>

Online: 14 November 2019 [Publication History](#)





Information and Software Technology

Volume 139, November 2021, 106672



The organization of software teams in the quest for continuous delivery: A grounded theory approach

Leonardo Leite ^{a, b}  , Gustavo Pinto ^c, Fabio Kon ^a, Paulo Meirelles ^{d, a}

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<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.infsof.2021.106672>

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A Theory of Organizational Structures for Development and Infrastructure Professionals

Publisher: IEEE

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[PDF](#)

Leonardo Leite ; Nelson Lago ; Claudia Melo ; Fabio Kon ; Paulo Meirelles [All Authors](#)



Abstract

[Authors](#)

[Keywords](#)

[Media](#)

Abstract:

DevOps and continuous delivery have impacted the organizational structures of development and infrastructure groups in software-producing organizations. Our research aims at revealing the different options adopted by the software industry to organize such groups, understanding why different organizations adopt distinct structures, and discovering how organizations handle the drawbacks of each structure. We interviewed 68 carefully-selected IT professionals, 45 working in Brazil, 10 in the USA, 8 in Europe, 1 in Canada, and 4 in globally distributed teams. By analyzing these conversations through a Grounded Theory process, we identified conditions, causes, reasons to avoid, consequences, and contingencies related to each discovered structure (segregated departments, collaborative departments, API-mediated departments, and single department). In this way, we offer a theory to explain organizational structures for development and infrastructure professionals. This theory can support practitioners and researchers in comprehending and discussing the DevOps phenomenon and its related issues, and also provides valuable input to practitioners' decision-making.

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Publisher: IEEE



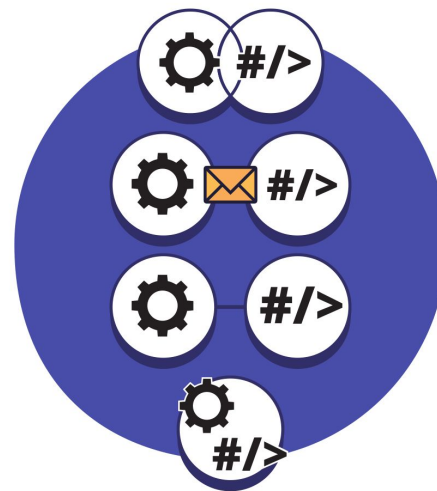
Thesis award



Book (in Portuguese)

Como se faz DevOps

Organizando pessoas, dos silos aos times de plataforma



Casa do Código | alura

LEONARDO LEITE
PAULO MEIRELLES
FABIO KON

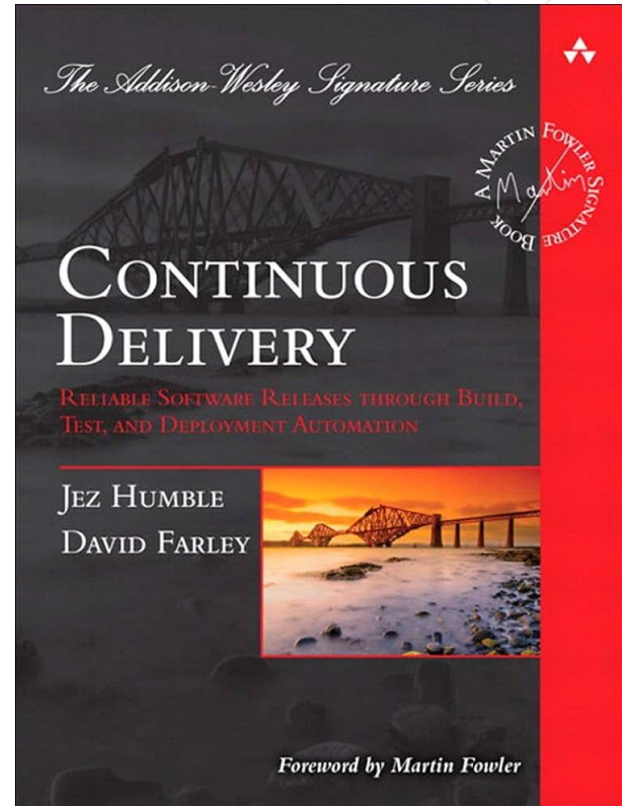
DevOps definition

DevOps is a ^{path} **collaborative** and multidisciplinary effort within an organization to automate ^{goal} **continuous delivery** of new software versions, while guaranteeing their **correctness and reliability**.
^{condition}

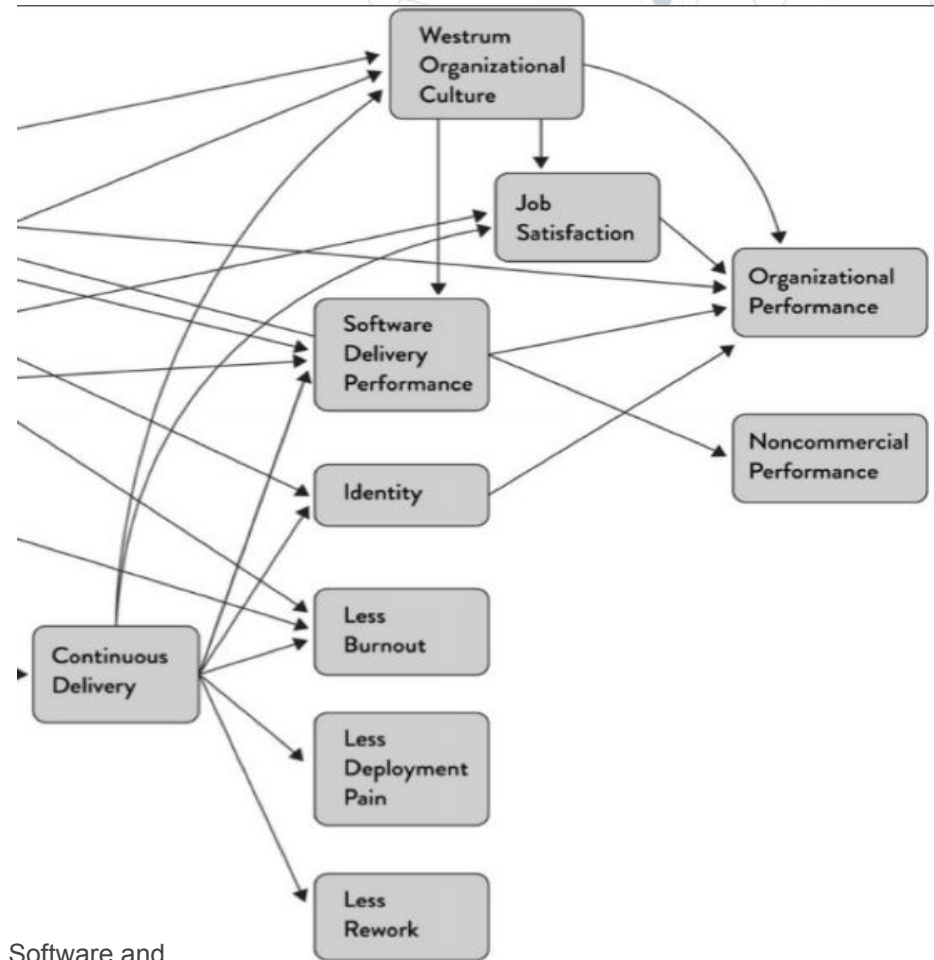
LEITE, Leonardo; ROCHA, Carla; KON, Fabio; MILOJICIC, Dejan; MEIRELLES, Paulo.
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Continuous delivery

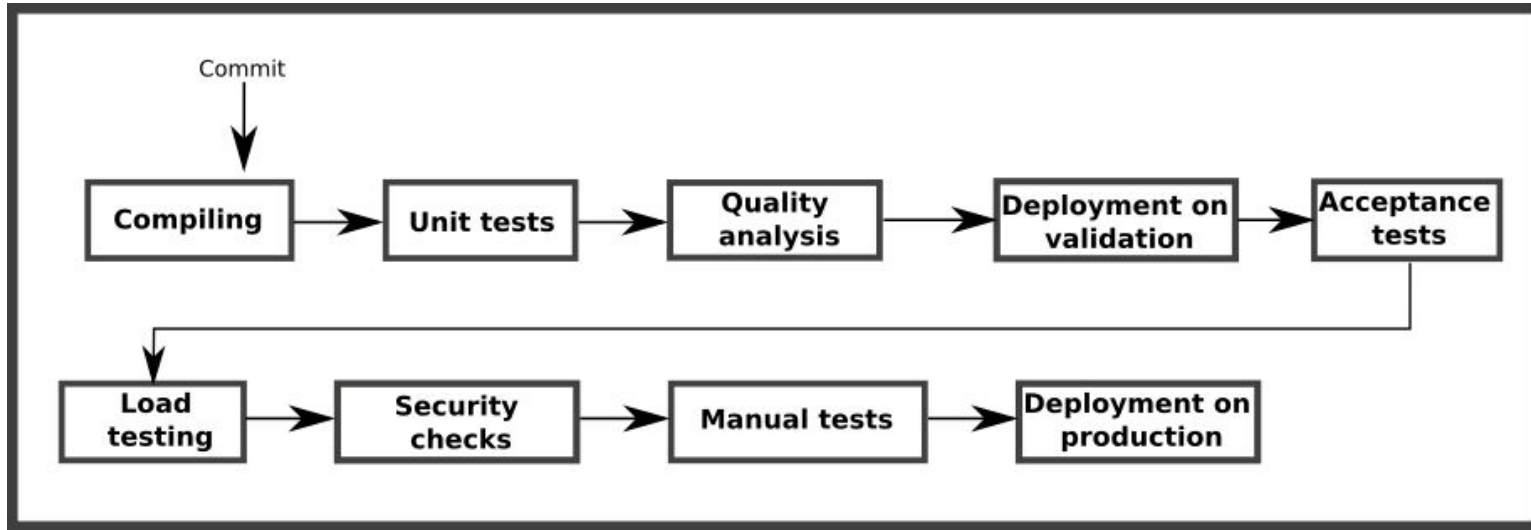
- © Any software version committed to the repository must be a production-candidate version
- © After passing through stages, such as compilation and automated tests, the software is sent to production by the press of a button



Continuous delivery matters



Continuous delivery - the deployment pipeline



The deployment pipeline on Gitlab

Pipeline Needs Jobs 5 Tests 0

Group jobs by Stage Job dependencies

| | | | |
|--------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Build | Test | Deploy | Production |
| build | test1 test2 | auto-deploy | deploy to pr... |

All 1,000+ Finished Branches Tags Clear runner caches CI lint Run pipeline

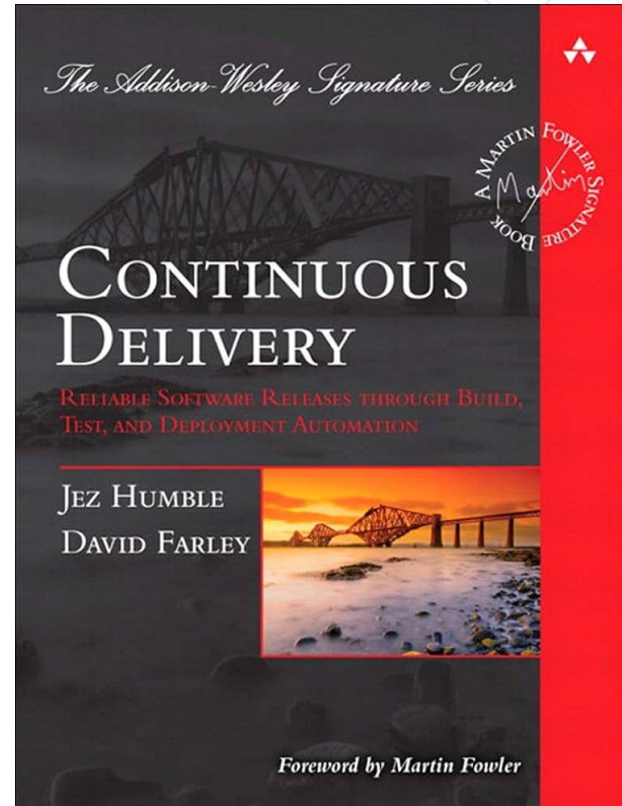
Filter pipelines Show Pipeline ID

| Status | Pipeline | Created by | Stages | |
|--|---|------------|--------|--|
| Warning ⌚ 02:24:47 📅 2 days ago | Scheduled Ruby 3.2 ruby3_2 branch #1234145533 ruby3_2 000a47ea | | | |
| Passed ⌚ 00:00:59 📅 2 days ago | Merge branch 'generalize-ruby-sync' into 'rub... #1234144111 ruby-sync 6dc82a4d | | | |
| Failed ⌚ 00:35:06 📅 2 days ago | Ruby 3.1 MR [types: qa,code,rspec-predictive] #1234128996 147325 0bd7ba8a | | | |

What is not continuous delivery?

Continuous delivery

- © **Any software version** committed to the repository must be a **production-candidate** version
- © After passing through stages, such as compilation and automated tests, the software is sent to production by the press of a button





What is not continuous delivery?

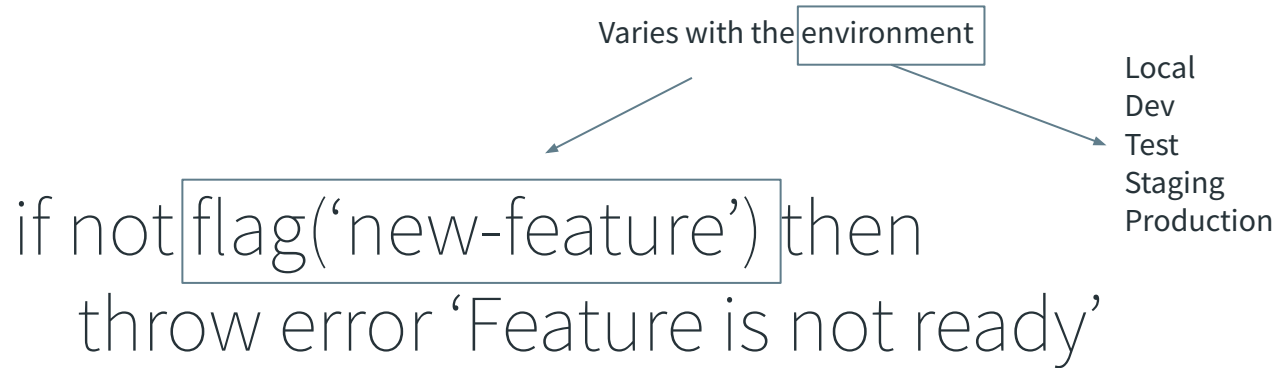
Commits that cannot be deployed!

Usually feature under development blocking small fixes.



Continuous delivery - how to?

Feature toggles (flags)!



DevOps definition

DevOps is a collaborative and multidisciplinary effort within an organization to automate continuous delivery of new software versions, while guaranteeing their **correctness** and **reliability**.
tests

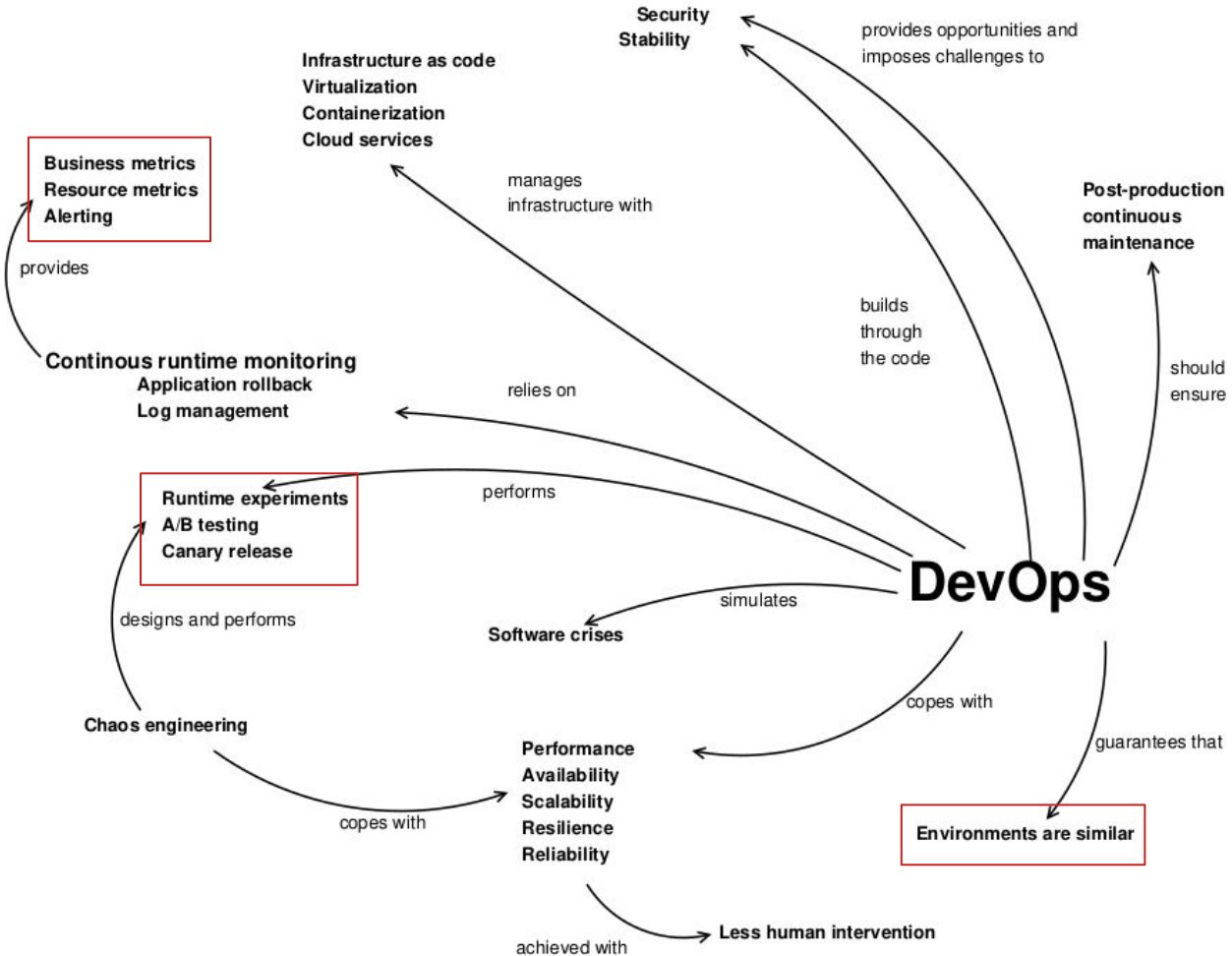
```
893 Tests run: 5, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 0.01 sec
894 Running fatiador.parser.NumericParserTest
895 Tests run: 10, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 0.017 sec
896 Results :
897 Tests run: 149, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 1
898 [INFO] -----
899 [INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
900 [INFO] -----
901 [INFO] Total time: 29.554 s
902 [INFO] Finished at: 2023-01-24T18:59:35Z
903 [INFO] -----
```

DevOps definition

DevOps is a collaborative and multidisciplinary effort within an organization to automate continuous delivery of new software versions, while guaranteeing their **correctness** and **reliability**.

...

Reliability



A background network diagram consisting of various sized nodes (circles) connected by thin lines. Some nodes are solid grey, while others are hollow white with a grey outline. The network is more dense on the left side and has a large, empty dashed circle on the right side.

Part II - Organizing DevOps



What changed with DevOps?

Deployment has changed dramatically:

What happens when that old "manual" process is no longer needed? What happens to the people (in operations/infrastructure) who were involved in that process?



Who is responsible for operations activities now?

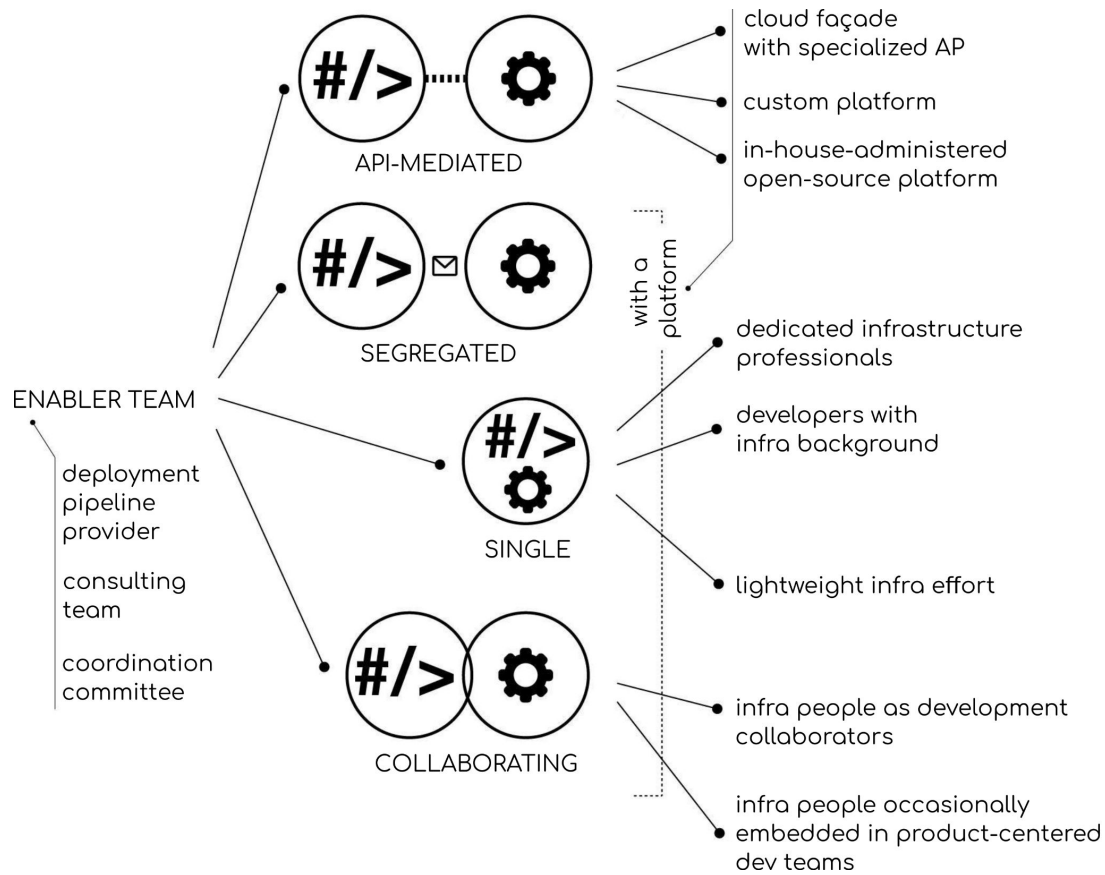
Infrastructure people?

Development people?

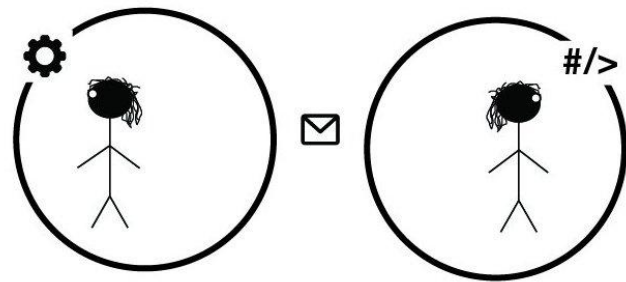
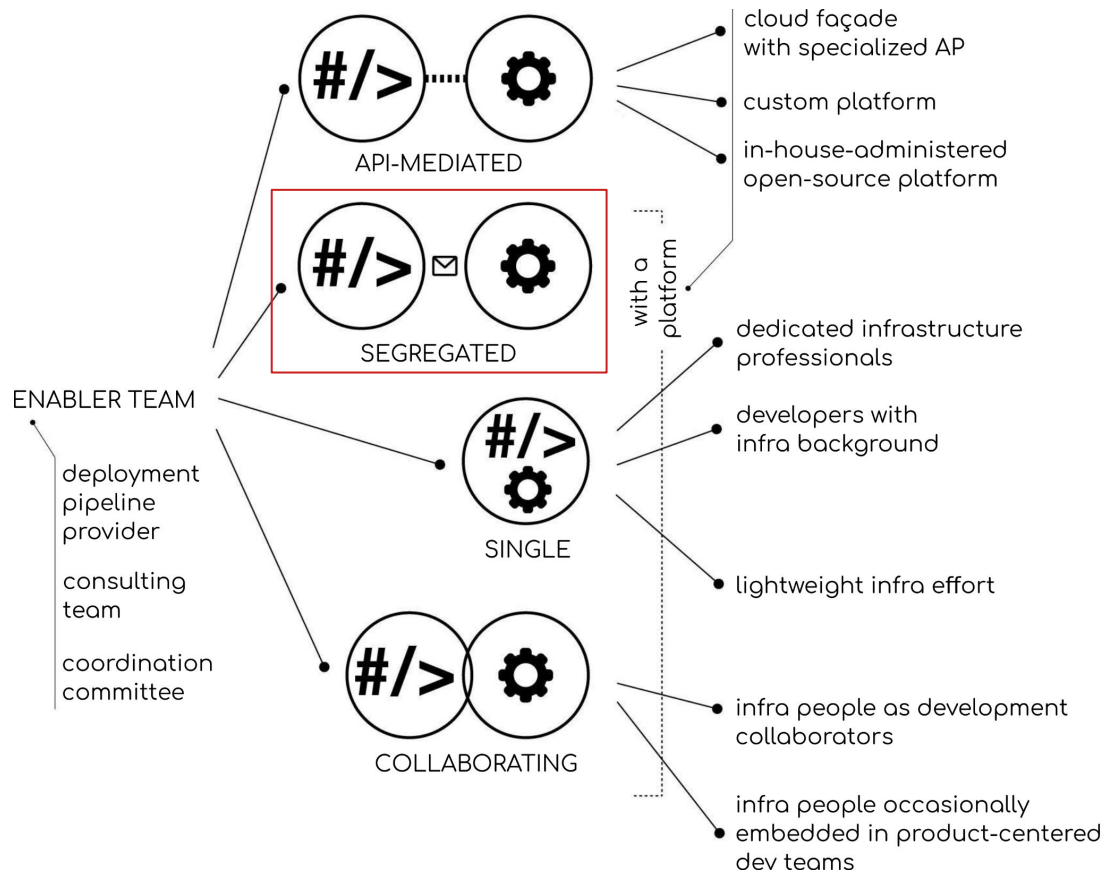
Everyone?

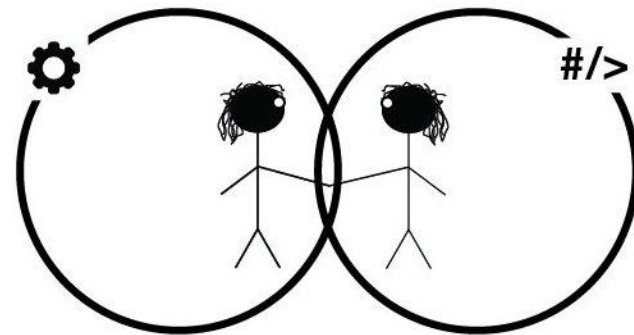
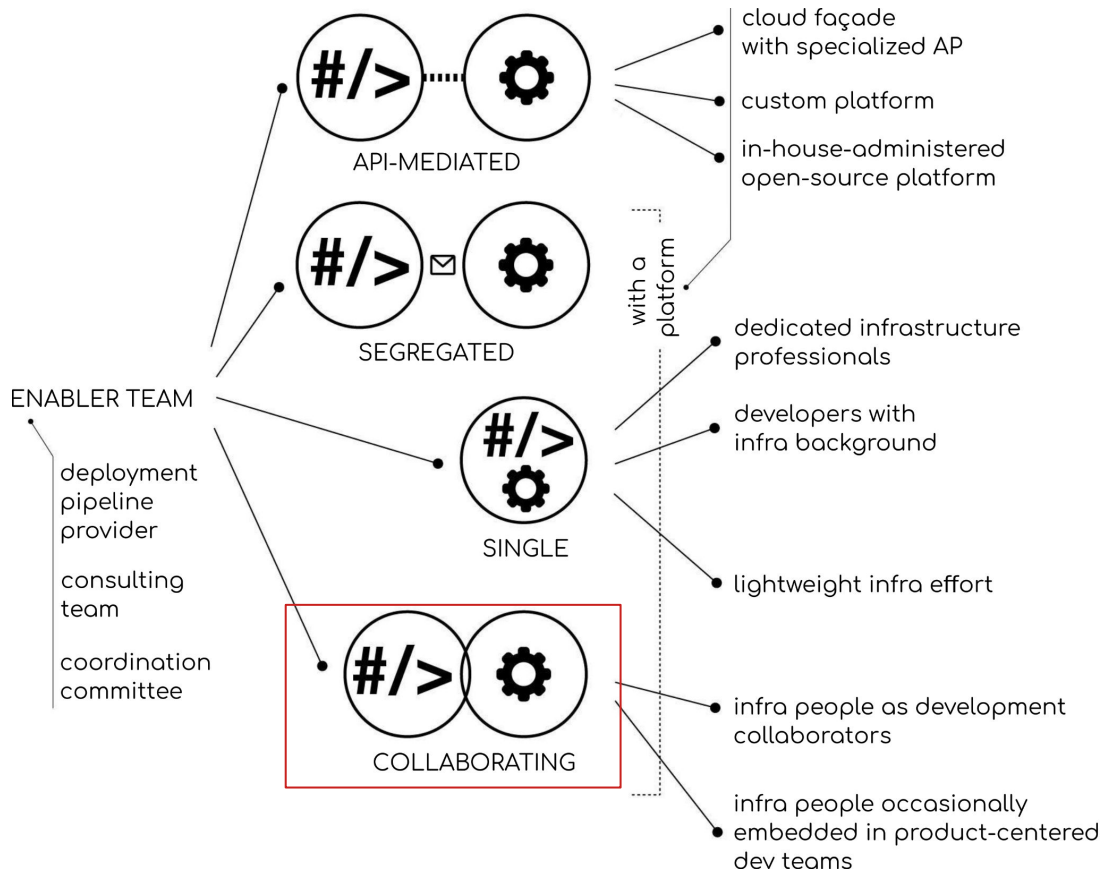
No one?

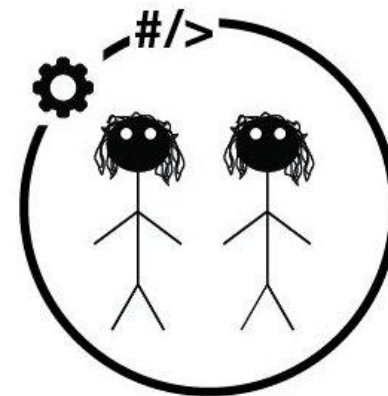
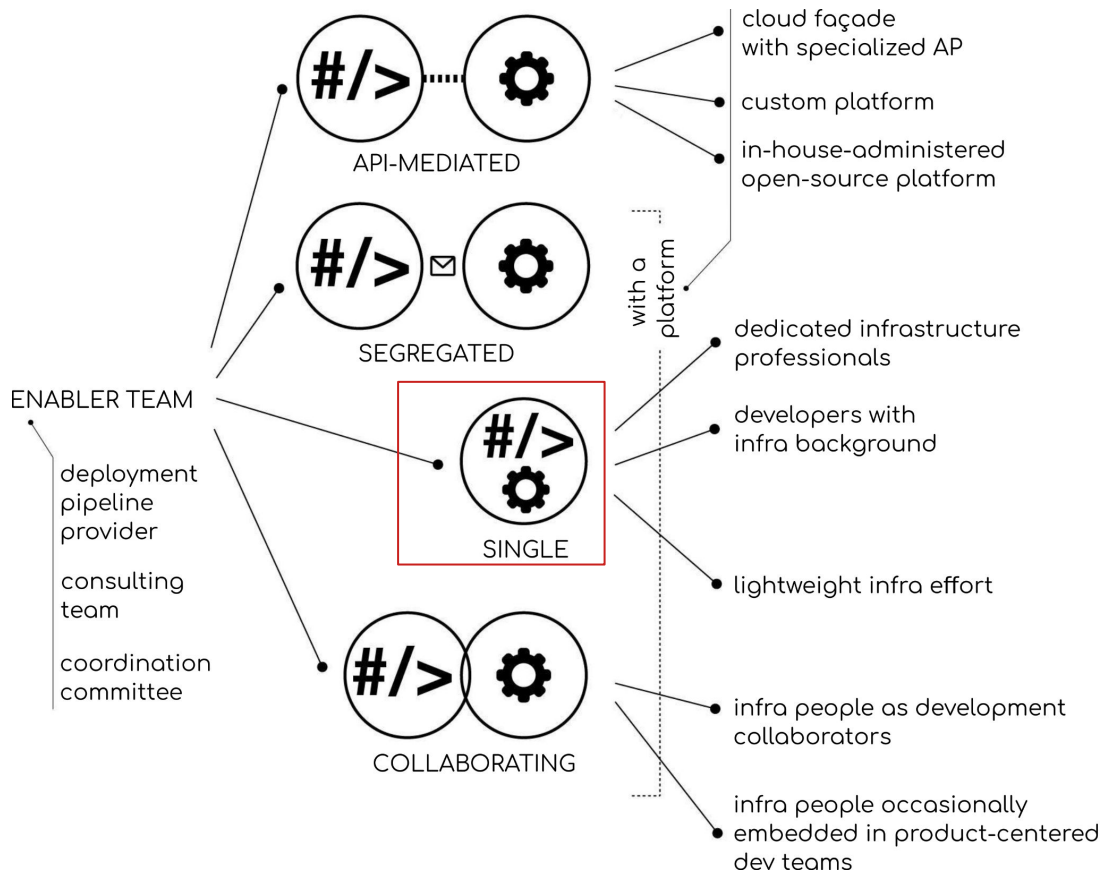
Application deployment
Monitoring
Incident handling

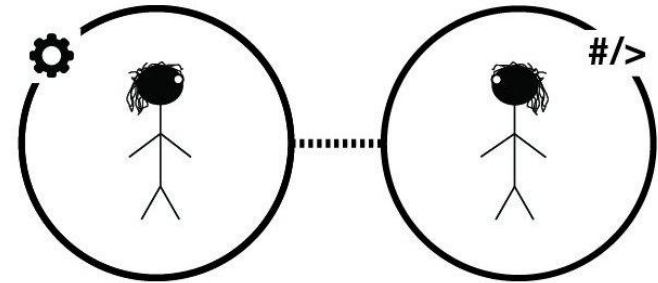
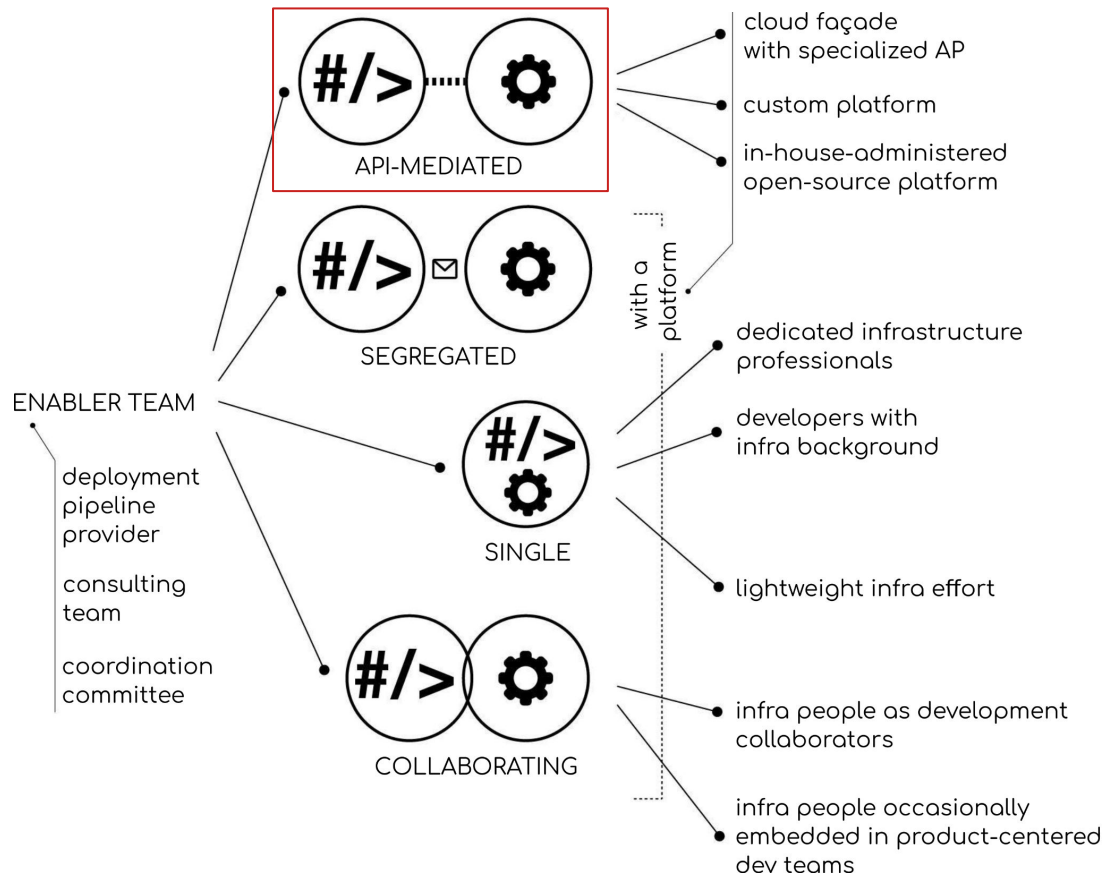


Our taxonomy of structures for organizing development and infrastructure professionals









Our taxonomy of structures for organizing development and infrastructure professionals

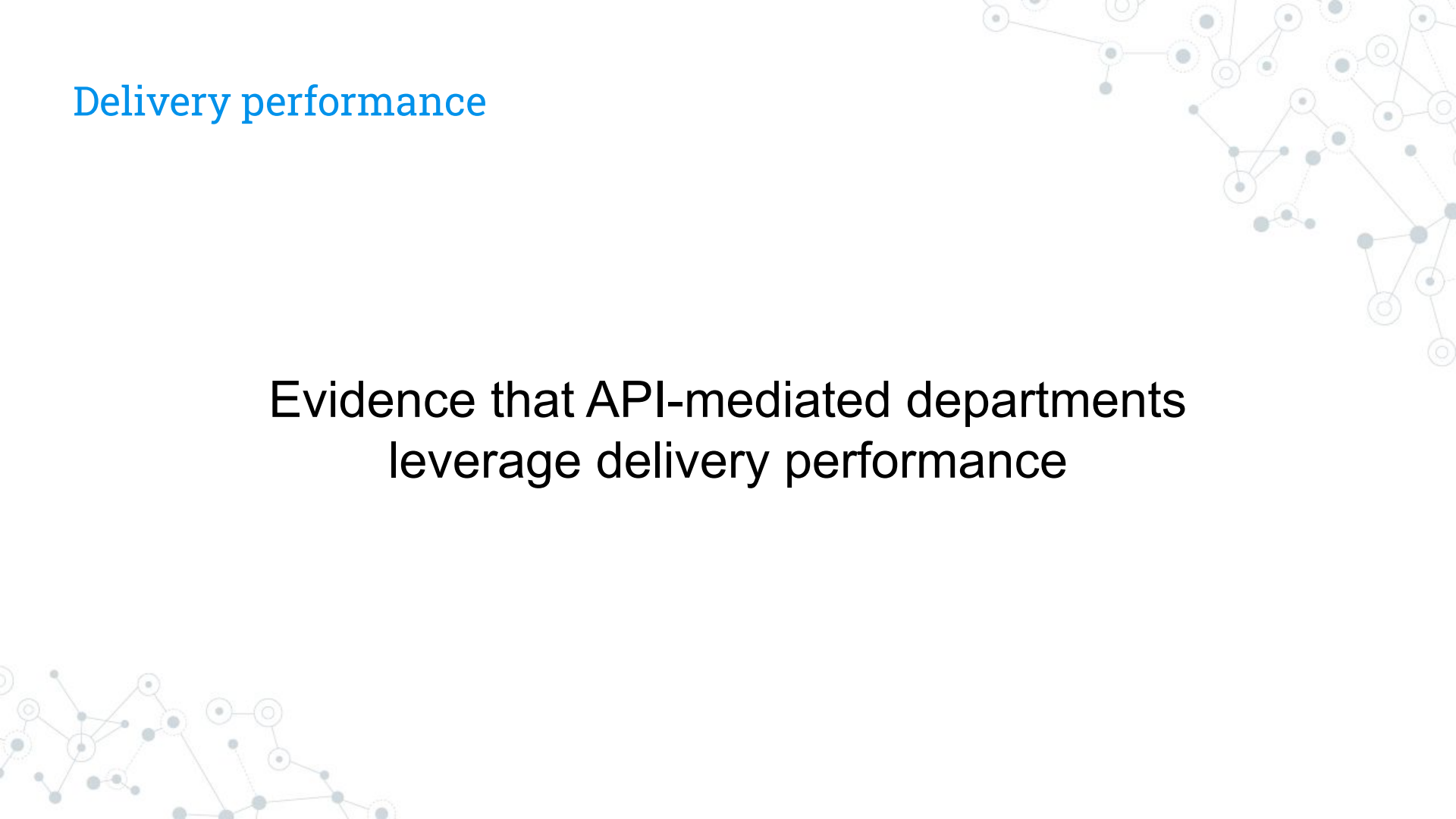
| <i>Organizational structure</i> | <i>Development differentiation</i> | <i>Infrastructure differentiation</i> | <i>Integration</i> |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Siloed departments | Just builds the application package | Responsible for all operations activities | Limited collaboration among the groups |
| Classical DevOps | Participates/collaborates in some operations activities | Responsible for all operations activities | Intense collaboration among the groups |
| Cross-functional teams | Responsible for all operations activities | Does not exist | — |
| Platform teams | Responsible for all operations activities with the platform support | Provides the platform, automating much of the operations activities | Interaction happens in specific situations, not on a daily basis |

Delivery performance

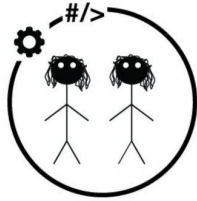
- Deployment frequency
- Time from commit to production
- Recovery time

Delivery performance

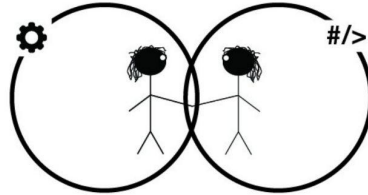
Evidence that API-mediated departments
leverage delivery performance



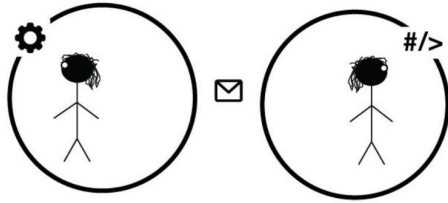
DEV #/>
INFRA ⚙️
DEPARTAMENTS



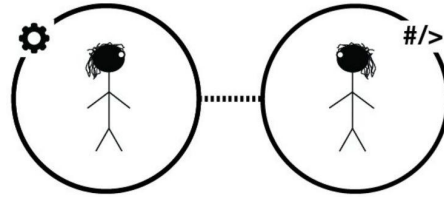
SINGLE



COLLABORATING



SEGREGATED



API-MEDIATED

<https://ccsl.ime.usp.br/devops/>